
MULTISERVICE HELICOPTER SLING LOAD: DUAL-POINT LOAD RIGGING PROCEDURES

DISTRIBUTION RESTRICTION: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION IS UNLIMITED
MARINE CORPS PCN: 14400007200

**HEADQUARTERS
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS
DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
UNITED STATES COAST GUARD**

FIELD MANUAL 10-450-5
MARINE CORPS REFERENCE PUBLICATION 4-23E, VOL III
NAVAL WARFARE PUBLICATION 3-04.13
AIR FORCE JOINT MANUAL 11-223, VOL III
COMMANDANT INSTRUCTIONS M13482.4A

HEADQUARTERS
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS
DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
UNITED STATES COAST GUARD
Washington, DC, 30 August 1999

MULTISERVICE HELICOPTER SLING LOAD: DUAL-POINT LOAD RIGGING PROCEDURES

PREFACE

This manual is one of a series of manuals for aviation and ground personnel who perform helicopter sling load missions ashore or aboard ship. Other manuals in this series are FM 10-450-3/MCRP 4-23E, VOL I/NWP 3-04.11/AFJMAN 11-223, VOL I/COMDTINST M13482.2A and FM 10-450-4/MCRP 4-23E, VOL II/NWP 3-04.12/AFJMAN 11-223, VOL II/COMDTINST M13482.3A.

These manuals are a coordinated effort of the US Army, US Marine Corps, US Navy, US Air Force, and US Coast Guard. All services participate in the sling load certification program begun by the Army in 1984. These manuals include standardized rigging procedures and other information from that program. Chapters 2 through 13 contain rigging procedures for dual-point loads which have been certified for sling load. Chapter 14 contains rigging procedures which have not been certified but have demonstrated acceptable static lift and flight characteristics during a flight test.

Efforts were made to standardize ground crew and hookup procedures and terminology. Where service-unique requirements apply to an entire chapter or body of text, the service initials are at the beginning of the chapter or text. Otherwise the initials are at the end of the applicable sentence.

Rigging equipment and procedures described in this manual may not be authorized for all aircraft or services because of equipment or service restrictions.

DISTRIBUTION RESTRICTION: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

*This publication supersedes FM 55-450-5, 11 February 1991.

MARINE CORPS PCN: 14400007200

**FM 10-450-5/MCRP 4-23E, VOL III/NWP 3-04.13/AFJMAN 11-223, VOL III/
COMDTINST M13482.4A**

The proponent of this publication is HQ TRADOC. Recommendations for changes or improvement to the manual are requested.

Army personnel submit DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms) to:

Aerial Delivery and Field Services Department
USA Quartermaster Center and School
ATTN: ADMMO
1010 Shop Road
Fort Lee, VA 23801-1502

Navy personnel submit recommended changes to:

Chief of Naval Operations
Code OP 506
Washington, DC 20350-2000

Marine Corps personnel submit user suggestion form to:

Commanding General
Marine Corps Combat Development Command
Doctrine Division C42
Quantico, VA 22134-5021

With a copy to:

Commanding General
Marine Corps Systems Command (PSE)
Quantico, VA 22134-5021

Air Force personnel submit AF Form 847 (Recommendation for Change of Publication) to:

HQ AFSOC/DOXT
Hurlburt Field, FL 32544-5273

Coast Guard personnel submit rapidraft letter (CG-3883) or AF Form 847 to:

Commandant (G-OAV)
US Coast Guard
2100 2nd Street SW
Washington, DC 20593

With a copy to:

Commander
Aviation Training Center (TRADIV)
Mobile, AL 36117

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Paragraph	Page
PREFACE			i
CHAPTER 1	FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES		
	Introduction	1-1	1-1
	Classification Definitions of Sling Loads	1-2	1-1
	Certification of Equipment for Helicopter Sling Load	1-3	1-1
	Requests for Sling Load Certification	1-4	1-2
	Unique Items of Equipment or Operational Requirements	1-5	1-2
	Equipment Rigging Procedures	1-6	1-2
	General Rigging Instructions	1-7	1-3
CHAPTER 2	CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR WHEELED VEHICLES		
	Introduction	2-1	2-1
	M996/M997/M997A2 Truck, Ambulance (HMMWV)	2-2	2-1
	M996/M1036/M1045/M1045A2/M1046 TOW Missile Carrier (HMMWV), M1025/M1025A2/M1026/M1043/M1043A2/M1044 Armament Carrier (HMMWV)	2-3	2-4
	M998/M1037 Modified (GVW 9,400 lbs)/M1038/M1097/M1097A2 Truck, Cargo, 1 1/4-ton (HMMWV)	2-4	2-7
	M1037 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) With S-250 or S-250E Shelter	2-5	2-10
	M1097 Shelter Carrier, Heavy HMMWV, With S-250 or S-250E Shelter	2-6	2-14
	M1097 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) With Lightweight Multipurpose Shelter (LMS)	2-7	2-17
	M1037/M1042 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) With Lightweight Multipurpose Shelter (LMS)	2-8	2-21
	M1097/M1113 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) With Gitchner Model 1497A Shelter	2-9	2-23
	M1037/M1097 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) With G15840 Smoke Generator Set, M157/M157A1E1	2-10	2-26
	M998 (HMMWV) With Two MRC-127 Stacks	2-11	2-28
	M998/M1038 (HMMWV) With Lightweight Tactical Fire Control Systems (LTACFIRE)/Tactical Terminal Control System (TTCS)	2-12	2-30
	M1037 (HMMWV) With AN/TPQ-36 Firefinder Generator Pallet	2-13	2-32
	M1097 (H-HMMWV) With High Mobility Digital Group Multiplexer (DGM) Auxiliary Equipment Transportation Container (AETC) in 2 and 3 Mast Configurations	2-14	2-34
	M1097 (H-HMMWV) With Contact Maintenance Truck, Heavy	2-15	2-36
	M998 HMMWV With Man Portable Air Defense System (MANPADS) ..	2-16	2-38
	M1097 (H-HMMWV) With AN/TPQ-42 Meteorological Hydrogen Generator (MHG)	2-17	2-40

	Paragraph	Page
M1097 (H-HMMWV) With Enhanced Fiber Optic Guided Missile (EFOGM) Launcher	2-18	2-42
M1097A2 (H-HMMWV) With the Secure Mobile Anti-Jam Tactical Terminal (SMART-T)	2-19	2-44
Dual HMMWVs, Side by Side (Shotgun Method)	2-20	2-46
Medium Tactical Vehicles M1078/M1081/M1083/M1084/M1085/M1086/M1090/M1093/M1094	2-21	2-50
Medium Tactical Vehicle, Tractor, M1088	2-22	2-54
Light Armored Vehicle (LAV) (USMC)	2-23	2-57
Truck, Cargo, 5-ton, M813A1/M923/M925	2-24	2-59
Truck, Cargo, 2 1/2-ton, M35A2 Modified, Part of an AN/MPQ-49A Forward Area Alerting Radar (FAAR) System	2-25	2-61
Front Power Unit, MK48	2-26	2-63
M1098 HMMWV with Remote Landing Site Tower (RLST)	2-27	2-65
M1097A1 (H-HMMWV) with Cargo Bed Cover (CBC) Aluminum or Fiberglass	2-28	2-67
M56 Smoke Generating System on M1113 (HMMWV)	2-29	2-70
M35A3 2 1/2-Ton Cargo Truck	2-30	2-72
CHAPTER 3	CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR TRAILERS	
Introduction	3-1	3-1
M101A2 3/4-Ton Trailer	3-2	3-1
M1048 Trailer with Tracked Suspension System (TSS)	3-3	3-4
M989 Heavy-Expanded Mobility Ammunition Trailer (HEMAT)	3-4	3-6
M989A1 Heavy-Expanded Mobility Ammunition Trailer (HEMAT II)	3-5	3-8
Mk14, Trailer, Container Hauler	3-6	3-10
Mk15, Trailer, Wrecker/Recovery	3-7	3-12
Mk16, Trailer, Fifth-Wheel Adapter	3-8	3-14
Mk17, Trailer, Drop-Side, Cargo	3-9	3-16
M871A1 Semitrailer	3-10	3-18
High Mobility Trailers (HMT) M1101/M1102	3-11	3-20
High Mobility Trailers (HMT) with Generator for Joint Surveillance Target Attack Radar (JSTAR) System	3-12	3-22
High Mobility Trailer-Light (HMT), M1101 with AN/TSQ-198 Tactical Terminal Control System (TTCS)	3-13	3-24
Special Operations Media Systems (SOMS B) on Commander's Crash-Out-Package System (COPS) Trailer	3-14	3-26
Deployable Print Production Center (DPPC) on COPS Trailer	3-15	3-28
CHAPTER 4	CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR TRAILERS WITH MOUNTED GENERATORS	
Introduction	4-1	4-1
M116A2 Trailer-Mounted Power Units, Generators, and Power Plants	4-2	4-1
M353 Trailer Chassis With Mounted Generators	4-3	4-4
M200A1 Trailer-Mounted Power Units, Generators, and Power Plants	4-4	4-6
High Mobility Trailer with AN/MJQ-35A Power Unit	4-5	4-8
Aviation Ground Power Unit	4-6	4-10

	Paragraph	Page
 CHAPTER 5 CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR TANDEM LOADS		
Introduction	5-1	5-1
M998/M1038 Truck, Utility, 1 1/4-Ton (HMMWV) with M101A1/A2 Trailer, Cargo	5-2	5-1
M1037 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) with M101A2 Trailer, Cargo	5-3	5-5
M1037 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) with S-250/S-250E Shelter and M116A2 Trailer Mounted Generator, PU-751/PU-753/PU-620/M	5-4	5-9
M998/M1038 Truck, Utility, 1 1/4-Ton (HMMWV) and G-85/TPQ-36 (V)7 Generator Group on M116A2 Modified Trailer	5-5	5-13
M1097 Truck, Utility, 1 1/4-Ton (HMMWV) with Pallet Group OA-9134/TSC, Antenna AS-3036/TSC and PU-753 Generator Set on M116A2 Trailer	5-6	5-16
M1097 Shelter Carrier, 1 1/4-Ton (HMMWV) with AN/TPQ-36(V)7, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M116A2 Trailer	5-7	5-20
M1097, 1 1/4-Ton (HMMWV) with Generator Pallet Group, G-86-TPQ-36 (V)7 and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M116A2 Trailer ..	5-8	5-23
M1037 Shelter Carrier, 1 1/4-Ton (HMMWV) with AN/TPQ-36, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M103A1 Trailer	5-9	5-26
M1097 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) with AN/TSC-93A, S-250 Shelter, and PU-753 Generator on M116A2 Trailer	5-10	5-29
M1097 (HMMWV) with AN/TSQ-183, Counter Battery Radar and MEP802A Generator on M116A3 Trailer	5-11	5-32
M1097 (HMMWV) with AN/TSQ-183, Counter Battery Radar and M101A2 Trailer	5-12	5-35
Joint Surveillance Target Attack Radar (JSTAR) System, M1097 (HMMWV) Mission Vehicle with LMS Shelter and Mission Trailer, HMT with Generator	5-13	5-38
M1097 Shelter Carrier, 1 1/4-Ton (HMMWV) with AN/TPQ-36(V)7, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group, OKG-398/TPW, and M116A2 Equipment Trailer Group	5-14	5-41
M998/M1038, 1 1/4-Ton Truck, Cargo (HMMWV) and M167 Gun (Vulcan)	5-15	5-44
M998/M1038, 1 1/4-Ton Truck, Cargo (HMMWV) and M102, 105-mm Howitzer	5-16	5-47
M1037/M1097 Truck, Utility, 1 1/4-Ton (HMMWV) and M119, 105-mm Howitzer	5-17	5-50
M1097 Truck, Utility, 1 1/4-Ton (HMMWV) with AN/TPQ-64 Tactical Quiet Generator (TQG) and High Mobility Trailer (HMT) with Sentinel Antenna Transceiver Group (ATG)	5-18	5-53

	Paragraph	Page
CHAPTER 6 CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR HOWITZERS AND WEAPONS SYSTEMS		
Introduction	6-1	6-1
M101A1 Howitzer, 105-mm, with or without A-22 Cargo Bags	6-2	6-1
Two M101A1 Howitzers, Side by Side (USMC)	6-3	6-4
M102 Howitzer, 105-mm	6-4	6-7
Two M102 Howitzers, 105-mm, with or without One, Two, or Three A-22 Cargo Bags	6-5	6-9
M198, Howitzer, 155-mm, Towed with External Airlift Travel Lock Assembly	6-6	6-12
M167 20-mm AA Gun (Vulcan)	6-7	6-14
CHAPTER 7 CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR GUIDED MISSILE SYSTEMS		
Introduction	7-1	7-1
M54A1/M54A2 Chaparral Launch Station	7-2	7-1
Pedestal-Mounted Stinger (Avenger)	7-3	7-3
AN/MPQ-57 and AN/MPQ-61 High Power Illuminator Radar (HIPIR) Phase II and Phase III Monuted on the M390 (Modified) Trailer	7-4	7-6
HAWK Missile Launcher with or without Missiles	7-5	7-9
HAWK Missile Launcher with Missiles (Offset Configuration)	7-6	7-11
M192-1 HAWK Zero Length Missile Launcher (USMC)	7-7	7-14
M501E3 Guided Missile Loader-Transporter	7-8	7-16
XM1E2 Loading and Storage Pallet	7-9	7-18
Platoon Support Van/Maintenance Center (PSV/MC)	7-10	7-21
Field Maintenance Equipment Shops	7-11	7-23
Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 21, Unmanned Shop Electrical Equipment	7-12	7-25
Platoon Command Post (PCP)/Battery Command Post (BCP)	7-13	7-27
CHAPTER 8 CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR ENGINEER EQUIPMENT		
Introduction	8-1	8-1
D5B Tractor, Dozer, Sectionalized	8-2	8-1
Tractor, Full-Trackd, Case Model 1150	8-3	8-4
Tractor, Full-Trackd, Case Model 1150E	8-4	8-6
Tractor (Dozer), Full-Trackd, Type III, JD450G	8-5	8-8
Tractor, Wheeled, Industrial, Case Model 580	8-6	8-10
Small Emplacement Excavator (SEE)	8-7	8-12
High Mobility Materiel Handler (HMMH)	8-8	8-14
950BS Scoop Loader, Sectionalized	8-9	8-16
130GS Grader, Sectionalized	8-10	8-20
613BS Scraper, Elevating, Sectionalized	8-11	8-23
613WDS Water Distributor, Sectionalized	8-12	8-25
Roller, Towed, Vibrating	8-13	8-27

	Paragraph	Page
Roller, Compactor, Vibrator	8-14	8-29
Towed Rollers	8-15	8-31
Mine Clearing Line Charge Mounted on M353 Trailer	8-16	8-33
Mine Clearing Line Charge Mounted on M200A1 Trailer	8-17	8-35
LRT-110, 7 1/2-Ton Crane	8-18	8-37
LRT-110, 7 1/2-Ton Crane (Boom)	8-19	8-39
LRT-110, 7 1/2-Ton Crane (Power Unit)	8-20	8-41
SP-7 Wheel Mounted Crane	8-21	8-43
Truck, Forklift, MC-4000	8-22	8-45
Truck, Forklift, RT-4000 (USMC)	8-23	8-47
Truck, Forklift, MC-6000	8-24	8-49
Extendable Boom Forklift (USMC)	8-25	8-51
Boat, Bridge Erection	8-26	8-53
Ribbon Bridge Erection Boat, MK2	8-27	8-55
Ribbon Bridge Interior Bay	8-28	8-57
Ribbon Bridge Ramp Bay	8-29	8-59
Medium Girder Bridge (USMC)	8-30	8-61
Pneumatic Tool and Compressor Outfit/Hydraulic Pioneer Tool Outfit (PTO) on M353 Trailer	8-31	8-63
35-Foot Riverine Assault Craft (RAC) With or Without Trailer	8-32	8-65
Water Purification Unit-Reverse Osmosis (ROWPU)	8-33	8-67
Water Purification Unit-Reverse Osmosis (ROWPU), Trailer Mounted ...	8-34	8-69
Inland Petroleum Distribution System (IPDS), Mainline Pump on 20-Foot Flatrack	8-35	8-71
CHAPTER 9 CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR LIQUID CONTAINERS		
Introduction	9-1	9-1
Two Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, (Side by Side)	9-2	9-1
Three Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, (Side by Side)	9-3	9-4
CHAPTER 10 CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR SHELTERS		
Introduction	10-1	10-1
Communications or Electronic Systems Housed in S-250 Shelters	10-2	10-1
Communications or Electronic Systems Housed in Lightweight Multipurpose Shelter (LMS)	10-3	10-3
Communications or Electronic Systems Housed in S-280 Shelters	10-4	10-5
8- x 8- x 10-Foot Shelters	10-5	10-8
8- x 8- x 20-Foot Shelters	10-6	10-10
AN/TYC-5A Data Communications Terminal	10-7	10-14
Shelter, Knockdown, 8- x 8- x 20-Foot	10-8	10-16
Jam-Resistant Secure Communications (JRSC) Satellite Communications Terminal with Mobilizer	10-9	10-18
Downsized Digital Group Multiplexer (DGM) Assemblages	10-10	10-20
NATO Air Base Satcom (NABS) Shelter Pallet, AN/TSC-93B (V) 2	10-11	10-22

	Paragraph	Page
Trojan Air Transportable Electronic Reconnaissance System (TATERS) High Gain Antenna Group (HGAG) Shelter	10-12	10-24
 CHAPTER 11 CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR CONTAINERS		
Introduction	11-1	11-1
Full-Up Power Pack (FUPP) Container, M1A1	11-2	11-1
Tandem Lift of Two ISU-90 Shipping/Storage Containers	11-3	11-3
Army Tactical Missile Systems Enclosure Launch Pods, Two Containers	11-4	11-6
Army Tactical Missile Systems Enclosure Assembly Launch Pods, (EALP), Four Containers	11-5	11-8
 CHAPTER 12 CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR RADAR AND SATELLITE EQUIPMENT		
Introduction	12-1	12-1
OE-361/G Quick Reaction Satellite Antenna	12-2	12-1
NATO Airbase SATCOM (NABS) Power Pallet, AN/TSC-85B(V)2	12-3	12-3
Digital Group Multiplexer (DGM), Digital Antenna Mast Program (DAMP), Pallet Trailer	12-4	12-5
Lightweight Generator Frame Assembly (AN/TSC-93B Reconfiguration) Satellite Communications Terminal	12-5	12-7
 CHAPTER 13 CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT		
Introduction	13-1	13-1
Palletized Loading System (PLS), M1077 Flatrack, Loaded	13-2	13-1
Palletized Loading System (PLS), M1077 Flatrack, Empty	13-3	13-3
Enhanced Palletized Loading System, Flatrack, Loaded	13-4	13-5
Enhanced Palletized Loading System, Flatrack, Empty	13-5	13-7
 CHAPTER 14 SUITABLE DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES		
Introduction	14-1	14-1
M35A1/A2 2 1/2-Ton Cargo Truck	14-2	14-1
M149-Series Water Trailer	14-3	14-4
M114A1 155-mm Howitzer	14-4	14-6
One Conex Container	14-5	14-8
One Milvan Container	14-6	14-10

	Paragraph	Page
APPENDIX A. NATIONAL STOCK NUMBERS FOR SLINGS, NETS, AND SPARE PARTS		A-1
APPENDIX B. SLING CONVERSION CHART		B-1
GLOSSARY		Glossary-1
REFERENCES		References-1

CHAPTER 1

FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES

1-1. INTRODUCTION

This chapter contains general information about certification for helicopter sling load and explains the role of the Military Traffic Management Command Transportation Engineering Agency (MTMCTEA) and the Department of Defense (DOD) sling load certification authority. This authority rests with the US Army Soldier Systems Center (SSC). This chapter also explains the information contained in the equipment rigging procedures and gives some general rigging instructions.

1-2. CLASSIFICATION DEFINITIONS OF SLING LOADS

a. Certified Sling Loads. Certified sling loads are those items of equipment and their associated rigging procedures which have completed the evaluation and testing required by SSC for sling load certification. These rigging procedures are in Chapters 2 through 13. Only certified sling loads are authorized for the Marine Corps. The following restrictions apply for dual point sling load certification to remain in effect:

(1) The load must be within the lifting capability of the desired helicopter model.

(2) The load shall be rigged in accordance with the certified dual point rigging procedure.

(3) The recommended stable airspeed specified for the load in the applicability section of the rigging procedure is a recommendation and not a restriction, unless so stated.

(4) This certification does not apply to helicopters of different designations (for example, CH-47 versus CH-53E helicopter) because of possible differences in dynamic vibration, helicopter/load mass differential, and rotor wash pattern.

b. Suitable Sling Loads. Suitable sling loads are those

items of equipment and their associated rigging procedures that have not been certified but have demonstrated acceptable static lift and flight characteristics. In most cases these loads were not pull tested in accordance with MIL STD 913, but are known loads which have been flown without incident for years and which SSC considers to be proven safe. These rigging procedures are in Chapter 14.

c. Unique Sling Loads. Unique loads are also equipment carried on a one time or low-frequency basis, such as telephone poles, artillery targets, or barrier material. The lack of sling load certification in itself does not preclude a unit commander from carrying a load that is not certified. Each service is responsible for determining its policy on carrying loads that have not been certified for sling load.

d. Prohibited Sling Loads. Prohibited sling loads are items of equipment that are prohibited from sling loading as determined by each service. These loads have been denied sling load certification and are a safety hazard if carried. They have either structural deficiencies or have exhibited unstable flight characteristics during flight testing. Each service will identify these loads and transmit this information by separate list. Contact your service point of contact identified in the Preface if you have any questions regarding the classification of a particular load.

1-3. CERTIFICATION OF EQUIPMENT FOR HELICOPTER SLING LOAD

a. Objective. The objective of helicopter sling load certification is to assure the user that the equipment being transported can withstand the stresses of a sling load flight environment. Certification for sling load assures the user that the item has met minimum standards for structural integrity and that the associated rigging procedures have been developed specifically for that item.

b. Responsibilities. Within the US Army, the MTMCTEA is responsible for transportability approval of developmental equipment. Within the DOD, SSC is the lead activity responsible for providing sling load certifica-

tion and rigging procedures for military equipment. When an item is certified for sling load, it means that SSC, in cooperation with various test activities, has:

(1) Conducted an engineering analysis of the load and lifting provisions for structural adequacy during sling loading.

(2) Verified that the lift provisions meet the strength requirements of the applicable military standard by means of proof load testing.

(3) Developed and/or validated sling load rigging procedures through static lift testing.

(4) Evaluated flight test reports and determined that the particular load meets acceptable flight characteristics with the type helicopter flown during the flight test.

(5) Issued a statement of sling load certification for the particular load, including load configuration(s), weight(s), types of helicopter(s), and maximum recommended airspeed(s) as attained during the flight test(s). Certification is valid only for the conditions specified in the rigging procedures.

1-4. REQUESTS FOR SLING LOAD CERTIFICATION

a. Fielded Equipment. Each service headquarters must designate, request, and prioritize the fielded equipment to be evaluated by SSC for sling load certification. Individual units can request sling load certification for fielded equipment through the appropriate service agency which will add the item to the prioritized list. The SSC will evaluate the equipment on a priority basis. The following agencies are responsible for their branch of service:

(1) US Army - Commander, Combined Arms Support Command, ATTN: QM Combat Developments, Suite 250, 3901 A Avenue, Fort Lee, VA 23801-1809.

(2) US Marine Corps - Commanding General, Marine Corps System Command (PSE) Quantico, VA 22134-5021.

(3) US Navy - Naval Air Systems Command (NAVAIR).

(4) US Air Force - US Air Force Systems Command.

b. Previously Certified Single-Point Loads. Single point loads which have been certified under any DOD helicopter may be flown in the single point configuration by any DOD helicopter with suitable lift capability.

c. Previously Certified Dual-Point Loads. Loads cannot be certified for dual-point lift based on previously certified dual-point rigging procedures because of the differences in dual hook helicopters, such as the distance between the two cargo hooks. Rigging procedures for dual-point loads must be developed and/or approved by SSC before the test flight.

1-5. UNIQUE ITEMS OF EQUIPMENT OR OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Helicopter sling loading of unique items, due to operational requirements, will be at the discretion of the commander. Equipment not listed in this manual should be static lifted (when possible) by a crane to determine proper rigging and stability characteristics. Personnel thoroughly familiar with sling load rigging procedures should assist in the static lift testing. Flight testing may be conducted after a satisfactory static rigging configuration has been determined.

NOTE: Low density equipment with low weight and large surface area (flat surfaces), such as shelters, empty trailers, pallet loads, and empty fuel or water drums, are likely to become extremely unstable when flown during sling load operations, even at low airspeeds, and should be flown with extreme caution.

1-6. EQUIPMENT RIGGING PROCEDURES

This section explains the information that is contained in the rigging procedures for each load. Chapters 2 through 13 contain the rigging procedures for certified dual-point loads and chapter 14 contains the rigging procedures for suitable dual-point loads.

a. Applicability Paragraph. The applicability paragraph states whether a load is “certified” or “suitable” for sling load. It also contains the helicopter types and recommended maximum airspeeds for each helicopter type. For certified loads, this airspeed is the maximum airspeed attained by the helicopter during the test flight before the load became unstable or before the aircraft power requirements were exceeded. For suitable loads, the maximum